LDDR- Niveau 1 : TE 12 - Trigo - GP

Trigonometry

- 1) Solve the equation sin(x) = 3cos(x)Only give the solutions in the interval [0°;360°].
- 2) Give all the solutions of $\tan^2(x) = 1$, in the unit radians (in the form of multiples of π).
- 3) If your family name starts with... ... a vowel: Solve the equation $\sin(4x 20^\circ) = 0$ Give all the solutions ... a consonant: Solve the equation $\sin(3x + 30^\circ) = 0$ Give all the solutions

Plane geometry

Exercise 1

Draw the vectors \vec{a} (length 6cm), \vec{b} (length 5cm) and \vec{c} (length 3cm) : they must have different directions !

Decompose the vector \vec{a} in the basis $(\vec{b}; \vec{c})$

... and estimate as precisely as possible the linear combination $\vec{a}=\cdots \vec{b}+\cdots \vec{c}$

Exercise 2

Draw the vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} : they must have different lengths and different directions. Draw the vector $\frac{3}{5}\vec{a}-\sqrt{3}\vec{b}$. Don't erase the *construction lines*.

Exercise 3

Computations.

Decompose the vector $\vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ in the basis $(\vec{b}; \vec{c})$ with $\vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$. Write the answer and the computations.