

# LDDR Niveau 1: TE 4 - Trigonometrie

1MG Level 1  
2017-03-17

## TRIGONOMETRY

90mn

TEST  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Indicate your computations

#### EXERCISE 1 [ /6]

Give all the angles in  $[0^\circ; 360^\circ]$  that satisfy

- 1)  $\sin(x) = -0.2$
- 2)  $\tan(x + 80^\circ) = -3$
- 3)  $\cos(3x) = 0.5$

#### EXERCISE 2 [ /10]

Give all the answers of the following equations

- 1)  $\sin(20^\circ - 3x) = 0.2$  (in degrees)
- 2)  $\sin(3x) - 5 \cos(3x) = 0$  (in radians)
- 3)  $5 \cos^2(x) + 6 \sin(x) + 3 = 0$

#### EXERCISE 3 [ /6]

- 1) A point  $P_\alpha$  in  $Q_{II}$  is such that  $\tan(\alpha) = -7$ . Without determining  $\alpha$ , compute the exact value of  $\sin(\alpha)$ . Represent the situation.
- 2) A point  $P_\beta$  in  $Q_{III}$  is such that  $\sin(\beta) = -\frac{2}{5}$ . Without determining  $\beta$ , compute the exact value of  $\cos(\beta)$ . Represent the situation.

#### EXERCISE 4 [ /6]

A cable is stretched between Brighton and Le Havre, under the water.  
The distance between these towns is 145km, following a meridian.

We assume that the radius of the earth is 6378km

- Determine:
- a) the length of the cable (in km with 3 digits)
  - b) the maximal depth of that cable under the water (meters)

Start by illustrating the situation.

**EXERCISE 5****[ 16 ]**

A cylindrical tower with radius  $r = 10m$  is observed from a point  $P$  placed at  $20m$  from the centre of the tower. Determine what part of its perimeter can be seen from  $P$ . Start by illustrating the situation.

**EXERCISE 6****[ 5 ]**

Here is the graph of part of a trigonometric function. Which one? Answer :  $f(x) =$

Write the values of one tick on each axis and continue the drawing on the whole x-axis given.

